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What is after quadrillions place value

Have you ever wondered what's going to happen after a trillion? Some days you may need to know this for science or math classes, or if you happen to enter one of several mathematical or scientific fields. Zero numbers play an important role when you count large numbers. Help track these multiples of 10, since the larger number is the necessary additional zeros, name 3 zeros, ten hundred, 0, 2 thousand, 3 1 (1,000), 4 1 (10,000) hundreds of thousands, 5 1 (100,000) million 6 2 (1,000,000) billion 9 3 (1,000,000,000) trillion 12 4 (1,000,000,000,000,000 1 5 5 18 6 6 6 7 7 Cleavage 24 8 Octagon 27 9 Nonillion 30 10 Decillion 33 11 Undying 3 6 12 12 13 13 13 14 14 54 18 Octodecillion 57 19 Novemdecillion 60 20 Vigintillion 63 21 303 101 Many people find it easy to understand that number 10 has one zero, 100 has two zeros and 1,000 have three centers. These figures are used all the time on a daily basis, whether it's trading with money or counting simple things as music, music or our miles on our cars. When you get trillions and trillions, things become more complicated. It's hard to track and count each of the zeros, so these long numbers have been broken down into groups of three zeros. For example, it's much easier to remember that trillions are written with three or four zeros than a separate 12-zero count, while you might think that one is pretty simple, just wait until you have to count 27 zeros for eight or 303 zeros for centillion, then you'll appreciate that you only remember nine and 101 sets of three zeros, respectively. In mathematics and science, you can rely on the power of 10 to quickly show exactly how many zeros are needed for these large numbers. For example, a shortcut for writing trillions is 1012 (10 to the power of 12) 12 indicates that the number requires a sum of zero 12. 000 Decillion = 1033 or 1,000,000,000,000,000